

Oklahoma City University School of Law
Class of 2014 Summary Report

			Full-time Long-term Salaries				
	Number Reported	% of Reported	# with Salary	25th Percentile	Median	75th Percentile	Mean
Total Reported = 162							
Gender Reported:							
Women	58	35.8	24	41,000	50,500	80,000	61,771
Men	104	64.2	54	48,000	60,000	75,000	73,644
Subtotal	162	100.0					
Race Reported:							
Minority	27	18.6	9	65,000	90,000	100,000	81,556
Nonminority	118	81.4	61	45,000	51,000	60,000	63,448
Subtotal	145	100.0					
Gender & Race Repted:							
Minority Women	10	6.9	.	.	.	.	.
Minority Men	17	11.7	6	65,000	82,500	102,000	82,833
Nonminority Women	41	28.3	19	38,500	50,000	60,000	55,289
Nonminority Men	77	53.1	42	45,000	55,000	61,000	67,138
Subtotal	145	100.0					
Employment Status Known:							
Bar Passage Required	105	66.0	58	45,000	53,500	65,000	62,195
JD Advantage	38	23.9	19	50,000	60,000	102,000	94,842
Other Professional	3	1.9	.	.	.	.	.
Non-professional	2	1.3	.	.	.	.	.
Pursuing Degree FT	2	1.3	.	.	.	.	.
Not employed-Seeking	7	4.4	.	.	.	.	.
Not employed-Not Seeking	2	1.3	.	.	.	.	.
Subtotal	159	100.0					
Note: Categories with no graduates reported are not shown. A minimum of five salaries is required for each salary analysis. Employment by sector does not include graduates for whom employer type was not reported.							

Table prepared by NALP, July 2015

NALP Summary Report data may vary slightly from the school-specific data published by the ABA because of definitional differences between the two organizations and because NALP's quality control process can result in changes made after the ABA data has been submitted. For more on this, see www.nalp.org/classof2013.

Oklahoma City University School of Law
Class of 2014 Summary Report--Page 2

			Full-time Long-term Salaries				
	Number Reported	% of Reported	# with Salary	25th Percentile	Median	75th Percentile	Mean
Total Employed or Degree:							
Pursuing Degree FT	2	1.3	.	.	.	.	.
Employed	148	93.1	78	45,000	55,000	75,000	69,991
Subtotal	150	94.3					
Employment by Sector							
Private Sector	121	81.8	61	50,000	60,000	90,000	75,443
Public Sector	27	18.2	17	38,800	50,000	55,000	50,429
Subtotal	148	100.0					
FT/PT Jobs:							
Bar Passage Reqd-FT	104	70.3	58	45,000	53,500	65,000	62,195
Bar Passage Reqd-PT	1	0.7	.	.	.	.	.
JD Advantage-FT	38	25.7	19	50,000	60,000	102,000	94,842
Other Professional-FT	3	2.0	.	.	.	.	.
Non-professional-PT	2	1.4	.	.	.	.	.
Subtotal	148	100.0					
Employment Categories:							
Business	38	25.7	20	50,000	62,500	92,500	93,250
Private Practice	83	56.1	41	48,000	60,000	75,000	66,756
Government	24	16.2	15	40,000	50,000	60,000	52,453
Public Interest	3	2.0	.	.	.	.	.
Subtotal	148	100.0					
Note: Categories with no graduates reported are not shown. A minimum of five salaries is required for each salary analysis.							

Table prepared by NALP, July 2015

NALP Summary Report data may vary slightly from the school-specific data published by the ABA because of definitional differences between the two organizations and because NALP's quality control process can result in changes made after the ABA data has been submitted. For more on this, see www.nalp.org/classof2013.

Oklahoma City University School of Law
Class of 2014 Summary Report--Page 3

			Full-time Long-term Salaries				
	Number Reported	% of Reported	# with Salary	25th Percentile	Median	75th Percentile	Mean
Business Jobs:							
Bar Passage Required	2	5.3	.	.	.	.	.
JD Advantage	31	81.6	17	50,000	60,000	95,000	97,647
Other Professional	3	7.9	.	.	.	.	.
Non-professional	2	5.3	.	.	.	.	.
Subtotal	38	100.0					
Private Practice Jobs:							
Bar Passage Required	80	96.4	41	48,000	60,000	75,000	66,756
JD Advantage	3	3.6	.	.	.	.	.
Subtotal	83	100.0					
Government Jobs:							
Bar Passage Required	20	83.3	13	45,000	50,000	55,000	49,600
JD Advantage	4	16.7	.	.	.	.	.
Subtotal	24	100.0					
Note: Categories with no graduates reported are not shown. A minimum of five salaries is required for each salary analysis.							

Table prepared by NALP, July 2015

NALP Summary Report data may vary slightly from the school-specific data published by the ABA because of definitional differences between the two organizations and because NALP's quality control process can result in changes made after the ABA data has been submitted. For more on this, see www.nalp.org/classof2013.

Oklahoma City University School of Law
Class of 2014 Summary Report--Page 4

			Full-time Long-term Salaries				
	Number Reported	% of Reported	# with Salary	25th Percentile	Median	75th Percentile	Mean
Public Interest Jobs:							
Bar Passage Required	3	100.0	.	.	.	.	.
Subtotal	3	100.0					
Size of Firm:							
1-10	53	63.9	29	45,000	55,000	60,000	59,621
11-25	14	16.9	5	50,000	51,000	52,000	50,600
26-50	1	1.2	.	.	.	.	.
51-100	2	2.4	.	.	.	.	.
101-250	4	4.8	.	.	.	.	.
Solo practitioner	9	10.8	.	.	.	.	.
Subtotal	83	100.0					
Type of Law Firm Job:							
Associate	79	95.2	40	48,000	60,000	85,000	67,625
Staff Attorney	1	1.2	.	.	.	.	.
Law Clerk	1	1.2	.	.	.	.	.
Paralegal	2	2.4	.	.	.	.	.
Subtotal	83	100.0					
Note: Categories with no graduates reported are not shown. A minimum of five salaries is required for each salary analysis.							

Table prepared by NALP, July 2015

NALP Summary Report data may vary slightly from the school-specific data published by the ABA because of definitional differences between the two organizations and because NALP's quality control process can result in changes made after the ABA data has been submitted. For more on this, see www.nalp.org/classof2013.

Oklahoma City University School of Law
Class of 2014 Summary Report--Page 5

			Full-time Long-term Salaries				
	Number Reported	% of Reported	# with Salary	25th Percentile	Median	75th Percentile	Mean
Jobs Taken by Region:							
E North Central	1	0.7	.	.	.	.	.
W North Central	2	1.4	.	.	.	.	.
South Atlantic	2	1.4	.	.	.	.	.
E South Central	1	0.7	.	.	.	.	.
W South Central	136	91.9	72	45,000	55,000	87,500	71,476
Mountain	2	1.4	.	.	.	.	.
Pacific	4	2.7	.	.	.	.	.
Subtotal	148	100.0					
Location of Jobs:							
In-State	112	75.7	60	45,000	51,500	71,000	69,088
Out of State	36	24.3	18	50,000	60,500	90,000	73,000
Subtotal	148	100.0					
# States and Territories w/Employed Grads:							
	14	.	.	.	.	.	.
Total	14	.					
Note: Categories with no graduates reported are not shown. A minimum of five salaries is required for each salary analysis.							

Table prepared by NALP, July 2015

NALP Summary Report data may vary slightly from the school-specific data published by the ABA because of definitional differences between the two organizations and because NALP's quality control process can result in changes made after the ABA data has been submitted. For more on this, see www.nalp.org/classof2013.

**Oklahoma City University School of Law
Class of 2014 Summary Report--Page 6**

	Number Reported	% of Reported
Source of Job		
Fall OCI	7	4.7
Job fair/consortia	2	1.4
Job Posting in CSO	13	8.8
Job posted online or in print	7	4.7
Return to Prior Job	10	6.8
Referral	40	27.0
Start own practice	20	13.5
Self-initiated/letter	22	14.9
Spring OCI	3	2.0
Temp Agency	1	0.7
Other	23	15.5
Subtotal	148	100.0
Timing of Job Offer		
After Bar Results	43	31.2
Before Graduation	69	50.0
Before Bar Results	26	18.8
Subtotal	138	100.0
Search Status of Employed Grads		
Seeking a different job	25	16.9
Not seeking a different job	123	83.1
Subtotal	148	100.0
Note: Figures are based on jobs for which the item was reported, and thus may not add to the total number of jobs.		

Table prepared by NALP, July 2015

NALP Summary Report data may vary slightly from the school-specific data published by the ABA because of definitional differences between the two organizations and because NALP's quality control process can result in changes made after the ABA data has been submitted. For more on this, see www.nalp.org/classof2013.

Oklahoma City University School of Law
Class of 2014 Summary Report--Page 7

	Jobs lasting a year or more			
	Total Number	Number of Indefinite Duration	Number of Fixed Duration	Number of Short-term Jobs
Duration of Jobs by Employer Type				
Business	37	37	.	1
Private Practice	82	82	.	1
Government	24	24	.	.
Public Interest	3	3	.	.
Total Reported	146	146	.	2
Note: Figures for job duration are based on jobs for which the item was reported, and thus may not add to the total number of jobs. The count of jobs funded by the law school is a total, regardless of duration.				

Table prepared by NALP, July 2015

NALP Summary Report data may vary slightly from the school-specific data published by the ABA because of definitional differences between the two organizations and because NALP's quality control process can result in changes made after the ABA data has been submitted. For more on this, see www.nalp.org/classof2013.